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N.E. FACES OIL-BOOM POSERS

By TED STRACHAN

AS ANXIETIES mount about deepening recession throughout Britain, "lucky" Aberdeen and North-east Scotland are already facing problems of a boom—chief among them a threatened shortage of furnished housing to rent for families of oil-exploration teams now converging on Aberdeen from the ends of the earth.

It was disclosed yesterday that an American company are bringing another oil-exploration vessel to Aberdeen—the Glamor III, from the Argentine. They hope to set up a base in Aberdeen next month. Their requirements include furnished houses for 26 families and "digs" for 15 single men, and they are only one exploration company.

Another company are bringing a massive rig from New Zealand to the North Sea off Aberdeen where, according to the latest estimate, nine rigs will be drilling for oil by this summer.

With seven more rigs coming to join the two already here—British Petroleum's Sea Quest, maritime drilling for Hamilton Brothers Inc., and Shell's drilling for Shell-Eso—the influx of about 300 oil-exploration specialists, plus their families, to the North-east . . . in addition to the creation of hundreds more jobs servicing the exploration companies.

Samson of supply fleet in Aberdeen

By JIM KINNAIRD

THE SAMSON of the North Sea oil rig supply fleet—the newly commissioned, German-built Spitalerter—has taken up station in Aberdeen.

The 4000 hp craft is the most powerful yet to join the Aberdeen-based tenders for the supplies to offshore drilling rigs.

She will operate for BP and Hamilton Bros—servicing the rig Sea Quest—but the 770-ton vessel will have more than a fetch-and-carry role.

EXTRA POWER

Her extra power gives her greater versatility and she is equipped for towing and anchor-handling as well as carrying general rig supplies.

Tuned for the new ship's arrival was the establishment in Aberdeen of a shore-management base.

It is being set up by Off-shore Marine, a Cunard subsidiary and a member of the offshore Supply Association, a consortium with various ranging connection in the rig-supply field.

BASE

Setting up the base is 24-year-old Mr Roger Baxter from Varmouth, where the company are already established.

Another of the ships under their management, the Suffolk Shore, previously operated through agents from Aberdeen, but Mr Baxter said yesterday it had been decided to set up a base in Aberdeen because they expected to have several vessels working from the port this summer.

The move is additional evidence of the ever-heightening interest of oil prospectors in the northern sector of the North Sea.

Sugar prices

Tax cut for granulated sugar in past year has led to a 15 per cent rise in home trade and 10 per cent for export.

Housing shortage looming as exploration steps up

AN OIL RIG supply ship takes on a load of pipes at Aberdeen. Grumbles are being heard about growing pressure on harbour-area facilities by the influx of North Sea oil exploration companies to Aberdeen—but housing shortage is emerging as the biggest problem raised by the oil-search boom getting under way.

TOOLMAKERS PUSH PROFITS UP, BUT -

No payout again by Herbert

By MICHAEL WALTERS

A 16-STRONG expedition are all set to trek from Coventry to Moscow in July to spearhead a major drive by Alfred Herbert to capture a larger slice of the Russian machine-tool market. Shareholders must be hoping that they will return with more than snow on their boots, for extra orders are becoming increasingly vital to the group who once proclaimed themselves the largest machine-tool makers in Europe.

The claim is not featured these days and the times when the boat could be backed by some hefty profits are looking increasingly distant.

Herbert have checked in with news of £1,200,000 pre-tax profits for the year to October 31—just over £1,000,000 better than for the preceding year—and have surprised some of the "bears" hunting around the City lately.

Profits after tax emerge at £642,000, against a figure of £478,000 which was bonused previously by exceptional items. But then, Herbert, have to take account of a 44 p.c. share of the losses of the Developing Industries Group, a business and this amounts to a minus figure of £444,000 before tax relief.

With all of this on hand, it is hardly surprising that managing director Mr H. S. Raine and his board have decided there will be no final dividend, leaving shareholders with nothing for the year.

SALES UP

Sales last time rose from £45,400,000 to £49,970,000, but demand has fallen sharply during the current financial year and group output is running below that for 1970.

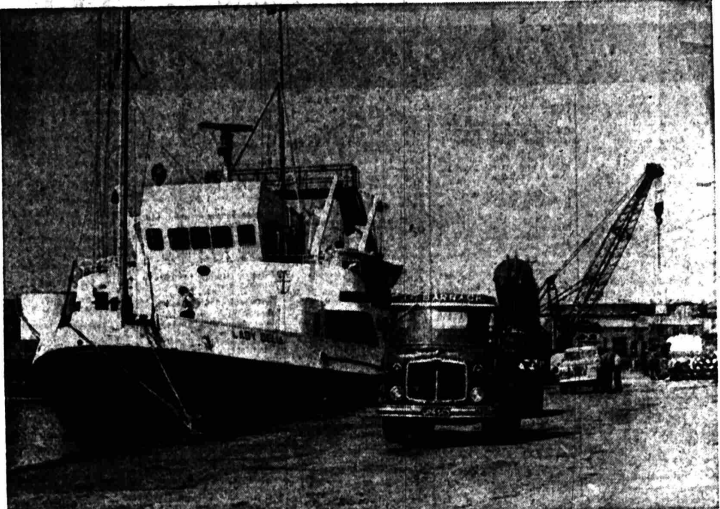
Senior management have been reinforced and everything possible is said to be being done to reduce the break-even point by aligning capacity to demand—a nice way of referring to closures and redundancies.

Even so, the group warn that, from now on, the key to the outlook for the rest of the year must be the timing of any upturn in demand and if this is long delayed, the outlook cannot be but that "the results for the year will not reach break-even".

ANOTHER EIGHT

He also points out that the corporation are undertaking projects of factory building with bodies such as the Highlands and Islands Development Board and the Development Commission—at Inverness and Thurso for the HIB and at Duns and Keith for the Development Commission.

Sir Robert Macrae, chairman of the corporation, says he has started to develop while eight locations from Fort-Reach break-even.



BANK OF SCOTLAND PAY SAME

THE REDUCTION in the rate of corporation tax and the "success of efforts to increase earnings and improve efficiency" have enabled the Bank of Scotland to rout the powers of rising costs and a lower average Bank Rate and turn in a 24 p.c. increase in adjusted after-tax profits.

Pre-tax profits for the year to the end of February rose from £6,100,000 to £8,770,000. A final dividend of 10 p.c. makes an unchanged 19 p.c. total for the year.

For accurate comparison between these and last year's results, some £320,000 must be added to after-tax profits for last year in respect of pre-acquisition profits earned by the British Linen Bank, which merged with the Bank of Scotland at the beginning of March.

The reason for the unchanged dividend in the face of much-improved profits is the view of the directors "that there is a need to conserve and consolidate resources" at present.

Mr John David Hilton, Wyndway, Woodside Hill, Gerrards Cross, Bucks., and Mr Alexander Miller, Johnstone, Birches Court, Coulsall, Staffs., have been co-opted as additional directors.

There will be no dividend on the Ordinary shares—the same as last year.

After providing for depreciation of £652, against £687 last year and a same-gain nil for corporation tax, there is a loss for the year of £13,884, against £8118 the time before.

Mr John David Hilton, Wyndway, Woodside Hill, Gerrards Cross, Bucks., and Mr Alexander Miller, Johnstone, Birches Court, Coulsall, Staffs., have been co-opted as additional directors.



Mabon gets new post

DR DICKSON MABON, M.P. for Greenock and former Minister of State, Scottish Office, has joined the Inbucon Group as adviser on regional development and Scottish affairs to AIC, their principal management consultancy company.

Coral and Mark Lane agree on merger

CATCHING even the most alert City punters by surprise, two bookmaking groups—J. Coral and the Mark Lane Group, announced yesterday that they had agreed terms for a merger.

A new company, J. Coral Holdings, will acquire the whole of the share capital of Coral and Mark Lane. Coral shareholders will receive 10 Ordinary shares in Holdings for every 10 Coral Ordinaries and Mark Lane shareholders will get one Holdings Ordinary for each Mark Lane share.

FEATHER WARNS OF 'SUPER FIRMS'

TUC general secretary Mr Vic Feather said in London yesterday that the time was coming when international companies would have control over national governments.

"In Britain it seems we have been travelling in this direction very quickly," he told the International Metalworkers Federation.

Mr Feather referred to Mr Heath's meeting with Mr Henry Ford recently.

He told the conference: "One of the biggest trade-union tests of our age is to control and if necessary to counteract increasing massive, almost unchallenged, power wielded by these giant companies."

AUSSIE SHARES TUMBLE

STOCK MARKET dealers, as a whole, again reported low-volume trading yesterday. Small investors were continuing to back their Budget fancies and it began to look as though perhaps a few of the institutional operators were showing some interest.

Australian mines again provided the major centre of activity, though this time, prices were moving downward. They ran into a wave of profit-taking, sparked off by the overnight reaction that had set in "Down Under."

In the domestic sections, industrial held firm from start to finish and gilt recovered from initial hesitancy to close on quite a good note.

£100,000 ORDERS

Orders from Eastern Europe worth more than £100,000 have been won by Rowntree-Mackintosh for three of their leading chocolate confectionery products following the firm's participation in the Leipzig Trade Fair.

ADVANCE FACTORY HELPED WIN MULLARD PLANT FOR ABERDEEN

THE DECISION by Mullard Ltd. to set up an electronics components plant in Aberdeen is cited by Brigadier R. B. Muir, general manager of the Scottish Industrial Estates Corporation, as an example of how advance factories can be a potent influence in location-of-industry decisions.

In "Opportunity 71," the latest in the series of annual brochures sent by the corporation to industrialists all over the world, he states: "In Aberdeen, Philips Electrical Industries are establishing a new electronics components factory through a subsidiary company, Mullard Ltd."

Mr Muir said the Mullard advance factory on Aberdeen Craighead estate and, as a result, have been able to establish themselves immediately in the area selected and to commence training while the main factory is still under construction.

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HINT OF MORE NEW FIRMS FOR N.E.

THE DEVELOPMENT officer of the North-east Scotland Development Authority, Mr John Hutton, says he and other officials of the authority had "meaningful discussions" with several industrialists interested in expansion in the North-east at the Nordex 71 exhibition in Glasgow.

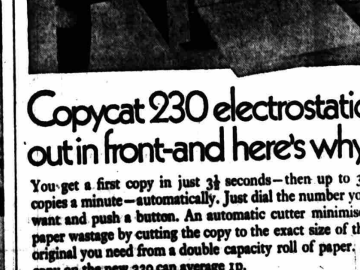
It is difficult to assess when these firms will be ready to expand in the North-east, he admits. "But the seed has been sown and I would regard it as a strong possibility that at least one or other of the companies concerned would establish themselves in North-east Scotland."

North-east firms who used the NESDA stand at the exhibition as a base from which to secure new business included: Wilmar Engineering Ltd, North East Glass Fibre Works Ltd, both of Aberdeen; Alexander Doy, of Huntly and Dauntless Engineering and Supply Co. Ltd, Macduff.

Among visitors to the display during the exhibition were Mr George Younger, Scottish Under-Secretary, and Mr Maitland Mackie, chairman of the authority and convenor of Aberdeen County Council.

SCOTTISH Under-Secretary Mr George Younger (centre) discusses prospects for industrial development in the North-east with development officer Mr John Hutton (right) at the North-East Scotland Development Authority stand at the Nordex 71 exhibition in Glasgow. With them is Mr James Dinnes, assistant development officer.

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COMPANY REPORT

BANK OF SCOTLAND

Consolidated results of the Bank of Scotland Group for the year ended February 28, 1971, are as follows—

	1971	1970
Group Profit	8,770	6,100
Taxation	3,853	2,726
Profit after Tax	4,917	3,424
Bad and Doubtful Debts	4,432	3,778
Additional Provision (1970—Credit)	227	(346)
Dividends	2,453	2,451
Retained	2,181	1,227

The accounts have been prepared on the same basis as last year, complying with the Companies Act, but without regard to the Special Provisions for Non-Disclosure available to Banking Companies.

The consolidated profit before tax is arrived at after charging an amount in respect of bad and doubtful debts which represents the average experience of the last five years. All known bad and doubtful debts have been specifically provided for, but in view of the prevailing economic climate the directors have deemed it prudent to add to the general provision by setting aside out of profits £500,000 gross (£287,000 net). This compares with a release of excess provision of £828,500 gross (£366,000 net) in 1970.

Profits and losses on realisation of investments are held in suspense and credited or charged to revenue on a five year average basis. Discounts on the purchase of dated securities have been amortised over the period from date of purchase to maturity and credited to profit and loss account accordingly.

To make an accurate comparison between the results of 1971 and 1970 it is necessary to add to the after-tax profit of 1970 a sum of £380,000 (net) which represented pre-acquisition profits earned by the British Linen Bank and not consolidated. When this adjustment is made the profit after tax (before the special charge and credit in respect of bad and doubtful debts referred to above) shows an increase of 24%.

Increased resources accruing during the second half of the year, the continuing success of efforts to increase earnings and improve efficiency and the reduction in the rate of Corporation Tax have combined to offset the effect of rising costs and lower average Bank Rate. The hire purchase and finance company subsidiaries have each made a significantly increased contribution to the Group's profits.

Proprietors' funds are as follows—

	1971	1970
Capital	12,900	12,900
Reserves	29,318	20,265
	42,218	33,165

Reserves have been increased by the retained profits but reduced by additional provisions for staff retirement benefits occasioned by a re-assessment of the liability during the year and an adjustment in respect of the change in the rate of tax.

The Directors take the view that there is a need to conserve and consolidate resources at the present time and therefore, notwithstanding the increased profit, they recommend that the rate of dividend be left unchanged at 19%.